

Published 20th May 2025





The mission of An Rialálaí Agraibhia (Agri-Food Regulator) (Regulator) is to act as an independent voice in the promotion of fairness and transparency in businessto-business relationships along the agri-food supply chain through, in particular, overseeing compliance with unfair trading law and proactive engagement with stakeholders on actions to improve transparency.

This survey, commissioned by the Regulator and conducted independently by Coyne Research, was undertaken as a means to explore the experiences of suppliers of agri-food products into the retail and wholesale sectors and thus, to inform the work and priorities of the Regulator.

It is an important element of our ongoing stakeholder engagement and initiated an annual process to facilitate those suppliers in informing the Regulator about their trading experiences with the some of the largest buyers of agri-food products in the country.

I would like to thank the businesses – Aldi Ireland, BWG Foods, Lidl Ireland, Marks and Spencer Ireland, Musgrave Group and Tesco Ireland – who collaborated with the Regulator to distribute the survey to their agri-food suppliers. Their willingness to engage ensured that this survey gave a voice to their suppliers and the findings allow the Regulator to gain a greater insight of the current operating landscape – capturing both the positives and the challenges. But, most importantly, I would like to express my sincere gratitude to the suppliers who took the time to complete the survey. I am acutely aware of how cautious a business might be about providing feedback about their experiences and, consequently, I appreciate the honest and frank assessments that were submitted.

These survey findings will guide the Regulator's work programme for the year ahead, and we intend to use the information provided to progress the development of guidelines for buyers and the conducting of further risk-based inspections with respect to compliance with unfair trading law.

Announcing the findings of this important survey at the Agri-Food Regulator Inaugural Conference, attended by a broad spectrum of the Regulator's stakeholders, was a great opportunity to consider, discuss and reflect on actions we can take to improve fairness and transparency in the agri-food supply chain.

Niamh Lenehan CEO, An Rialálaí Agraibhia



Research Methodology

- The Agri-Food Regulator conducted this survey to gather feedback from suppliers of agricultural and food products on their experience of trading with specific buyers in the retail and wholesale sectors.
- The Agri-Food Regulator liaised with 8 businesses to send the survey to their supplier database.
- Each business received a unique survey link to distribute to their suppliers. There was also a general link on the Agri-Food Regulator website.
- Survey was live from 10th February 9th March.
- 306 suppliers (sample size) completed the survey resulting in responses relating to 948 trading relationships.

Business	Unique Link used for Survey Completions	Supplier Responses (trading relationships)
Total	306	948
Aldi	30	103
BWG	63	147
Dunnes	0	131
Lidl	20	99
M&S	2	22
Musgrave	113	206
Tesco	47	136
Sysco	0	82
Other Business	-	22
Agri-Food Regulator Link	31	-



Understanding the Survey Findings

Methodological Considerations

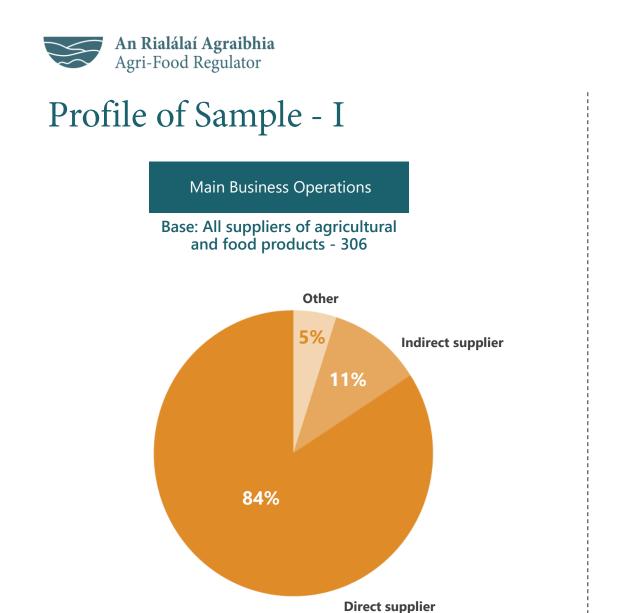
- The sampling methodology used was the best available within the limitations of the data available to the Agri-Food Regulator in order to try and maximise response rates.
- Although comprehensive, the survey was not designed as a randomised sample.
- As such, the approach in use effectively captures a view of supplier experiences across buyer businesses but has specific caveats.

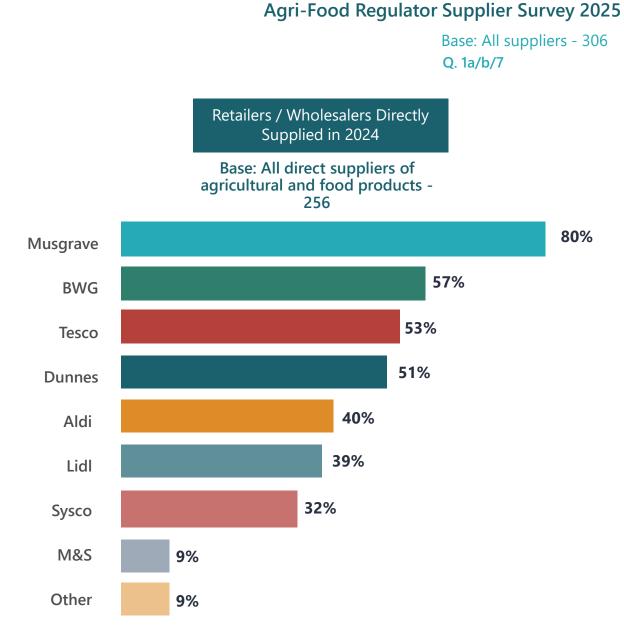
What This Means for Interpretation

- The findings provide valuable qualitative insights into the experiences of suppliers.
- Differences between businesses should be interpreted with caution.
- The survey findings represent the experiences of the responding suppliers and extrapolation to the whole supplier population may not be justified.

Section #1 Profile of Sample







The vast majority of respondents were direct suppliers, while circa 1 in 10 identified as indirect suppliers. 8 in 10 suppliers who completed the survey supply Musgrave directly.

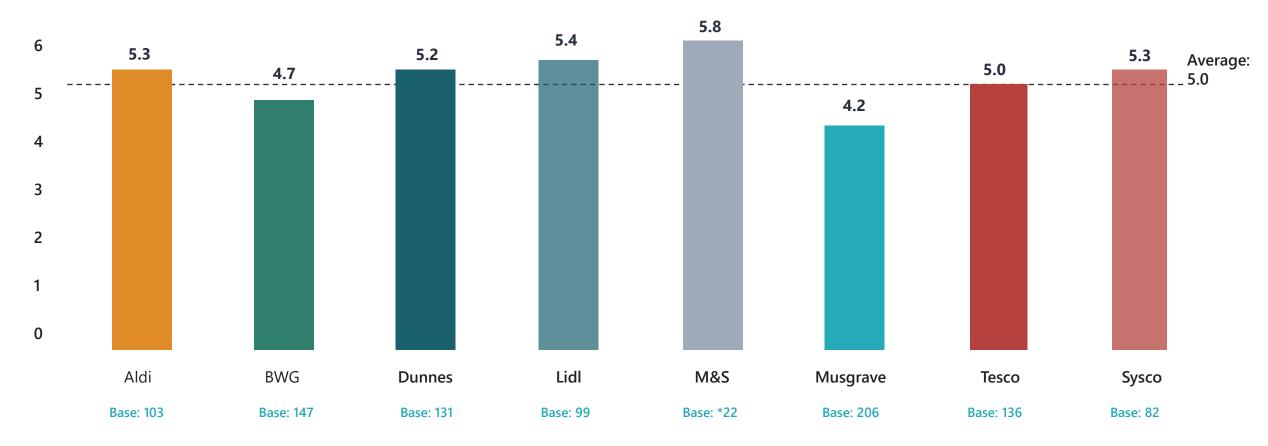


Base: All direct suppliers - 256

Q.7

Average Number of Businesses Supplied

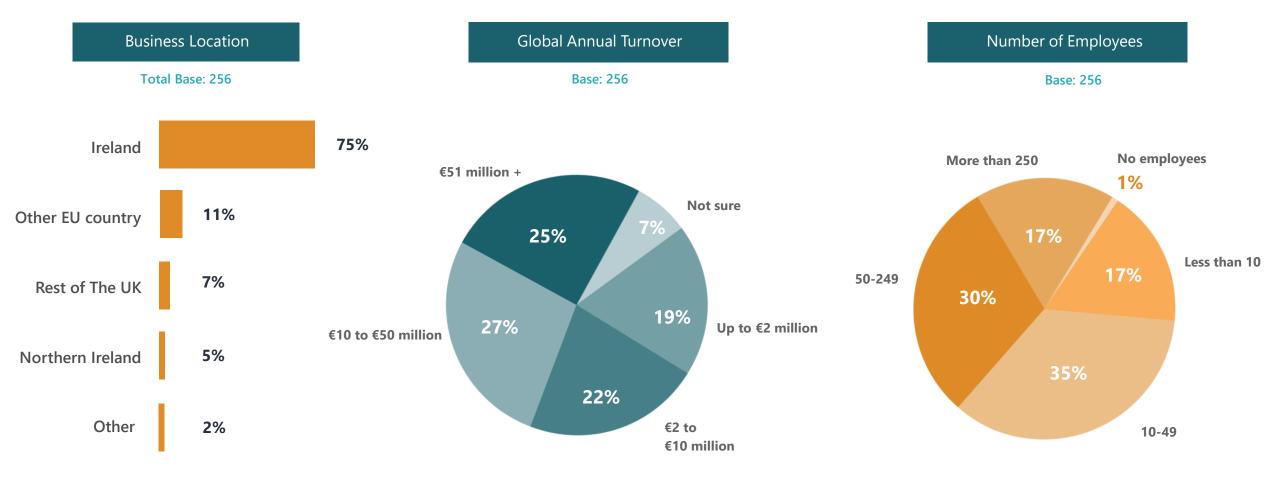
*Caution Small Base Size





Base: All direct suppliers - 256 Q.2/3/4

Profile of Sample – II (Direct Suppliers)



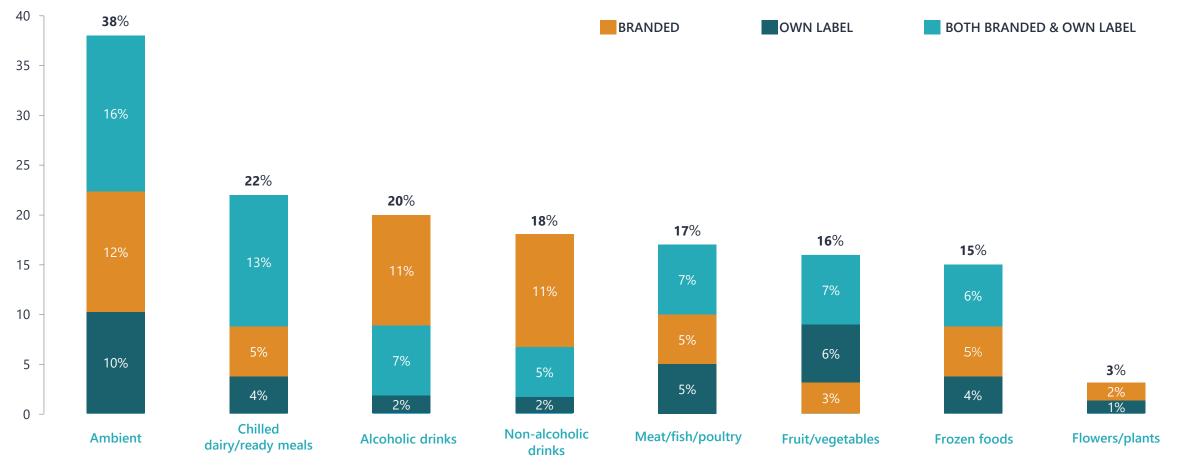
Over half of direct suppliers employ less than 50 people and 4 in 10 of the direct suppliers have a global annual turnover of up to €10 million. 3 in 4 are based in Ireland.



Base: All direct suppliers - 256

Q.5

Branded/Own Label Agricultural And Food Products Supplied



38% of direct suppliers supply ambient products. Drinks are most likely to be branded.

Section #2 Direct Supplier Experience with UTPs



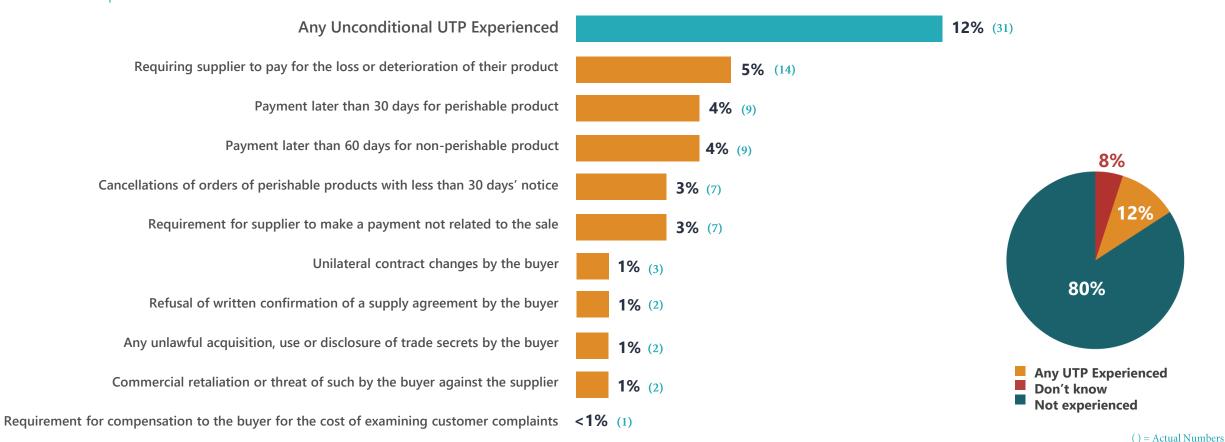


Base: All direct suppliers - 256 Q. 8a

*Please see appendix for full text answer options

Unconditional UTPs Experienced with Buyers in 2024 - The Supplier View

These UTPs are prohibited in all circumstances



Unconditional UTPs Experienced

Circa 1 in 8 direct suppliers have reported experiencing any unconditional UTP. Some suppliers may have reported experiencing multiple UTPs with multiple buyers. Requiring a supplier to pay for the loss or deterioration of their product and payment delays are the top 3 mentions.

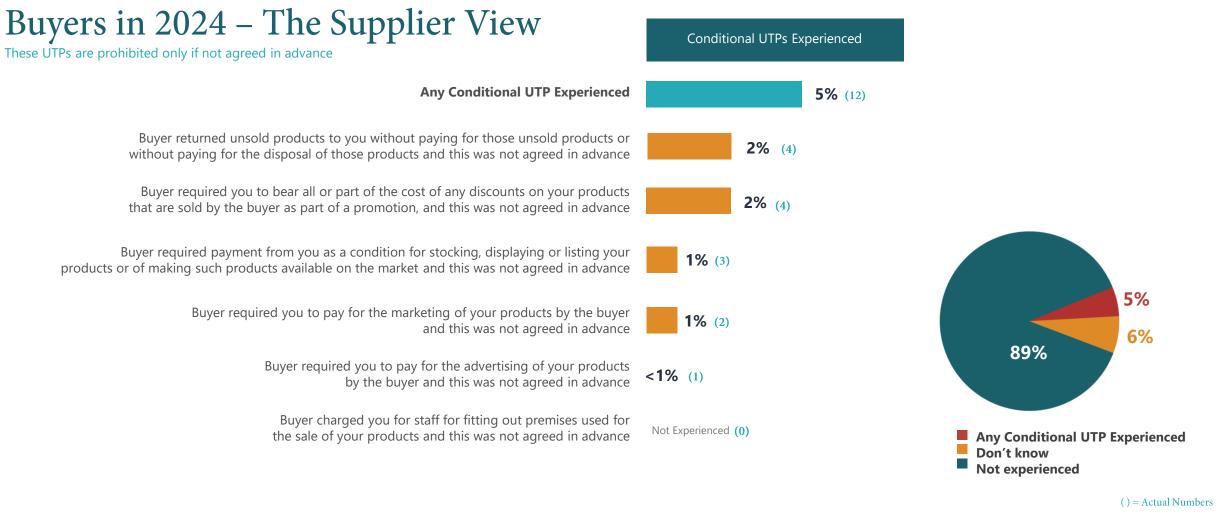


Conditional UTPs Experienced with

Agri-Food Regulator Supplier Survey 2025

Base: All direct suppliers - 256 Q. 9a

*Please see appendix for full text answer options



1 in 20 direct suppliers have reported experiencing any conditional UTP. Some suppliers may have reported experiencing multiple UTPs with multiple buyers.

Base: All direct suppliers - 256 Q. 8a/9a

*Please see appendix for full text answer options

UTPs Experienced 14% (35) (14) 14% 86% Any UTP Experienced Not experienced / Don't know () = Actual Numbers uirement for compensation to the buyer for the cost camining customer complaints = <1% (1) er required you to pay for the advertising of your lucts by the buyer and this was not agreed in

UTPs Experienced with Buyers in 2024 - The Supplier View

	Any UTP Experienced
5% (Requiring supplier to pay for the loss or deterioration of their product
4% (9)	Payment later than 30 days for perishable product
4% (9)	Payment later than 60 days for non-perishable product
3% (7)	Cancellations of orders of perishable products with less than 30 days' notice
3% (7)	Requirement for supplier to make a payment not related to a sale
2% (4)	Buyer returned unsold products to you without paying for those unsold products or without paying for the disposal of those products and this was not agreed in advance
2% (4)	Buyer required you to bear all or part of the cost of any discounts on your products that are sold by the buyer as part of a promotion, and this was not agreed in advance
1% (3)	Unilateral contract change by the buyer
1% (2)	Refusal of written confirmation of a supply agreement by the buyer
1% (2)	Any unlawful acquisition, use or disclosure of trade secrets by the buyer
1% ⁽²⁾ Requ	Commercial retaliation or threat of such by the buyer against the supplier
1% (3) Buye	Buyer required payment from you as a condition for stocking, displaying or listing your products or of making such products available on the market and this was not agreed in advance
1% (2) prod adva	Buyer required you to pay for the marketing of your products by the buyer and this was not agreed in advance
1% (3) 1% (2) 1% (2) 1% (2) 1% (3) Buye prod	Unilateral contract change by the buyer Refusal of written confirmation of a supply agreement by the buyer Any unlawful acquisition, use or disclosure of trade secrets by the buyer Commercial retaliation or threat of such by the buyer against the supplier Buyer required payment from you as a condition for stocking, displaying or listing your products or of making such products available on the market and this was not agreed in advance

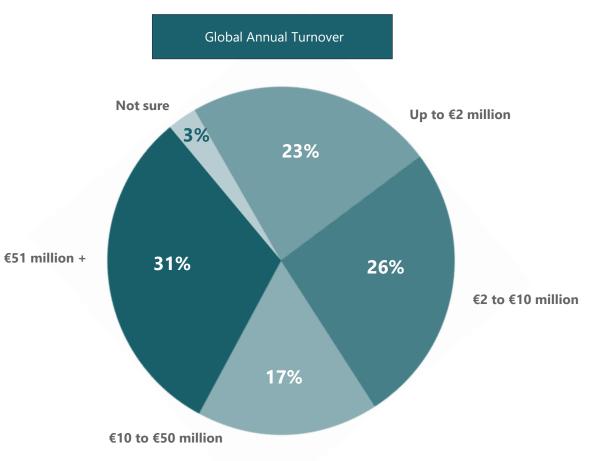
1 in 7 have reported experiencing a UTP in 2024. Some suppliers may have reported experiencing multiple UTPs with multiple buyers.





Base: All direct suppliers who experienced a UTP in 2024 – 35* Q.3

Global Annual Turnover by UTP Experienced *Caution Small Base Size



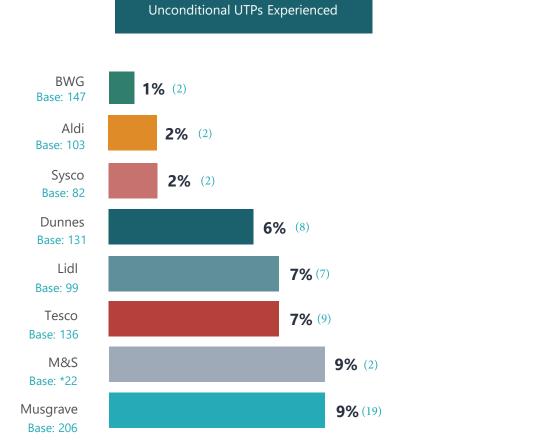
Amongst those who have reported experiencing a UTP in 2024, 5 in 10 claim an annual turnover of €10 million or less.

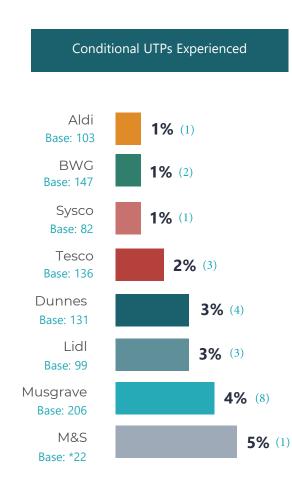


Base: All direct suppliers - 256 Q.8b/9b

UTPs Experienced with Buyers in 2024 By Business

*Caution Small Base Size () = Actual Numbers





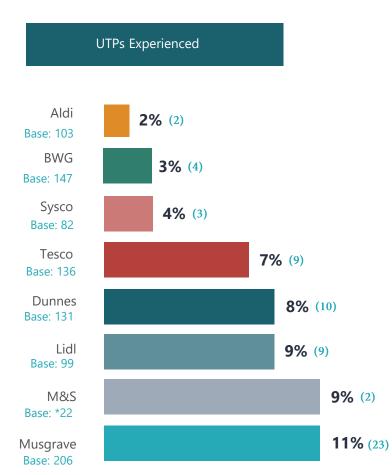
Almost 1 in 10 M&S and Musgrave suppliers have reported experiencing any unconditional UTP. Circa 1 in 20 M&S and Musgrave suppliers have reported experiencing any conditional UTP.



Base: All direct suppliers - 256 Q.8b/9b

Total UTPs Experienced with Buyers in 2024 by Business

*Caution Small Base Size



14% (35) report experiencing a UTP

() = Actual Numbers

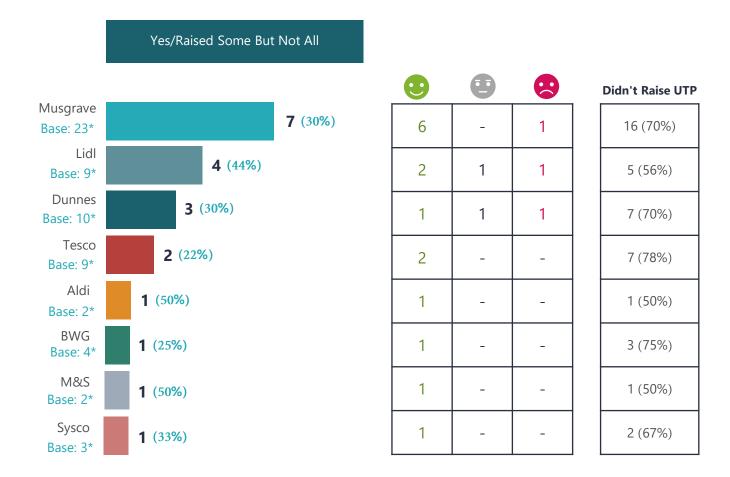
Circa 1 in 10 Lidl, M&S and Musgrave suppliers have reported experiencing any UTP in 2024. Some suppliers may have reported experiencing multiple UTPs with multiple buyers.



Base: All direct suppliers - 256 Q.10a/11a

UTPs Raised with Buyers in 2024 by Business

*Caution Small Base Size



7 suppliers raised a UTP with Musgrave – 6 were satisfied with the outcome while one was dissatisfied. 4 suppliers raised a UTP with Lidl – 2 were satisfied with the outcome while one was dissatisfied.



Base: All direct suppliers who did not raise all UTPs in 2024 - *12 Q.10b

Reason For Not Raising UTP with Buyers

"I did not want to lose the contract." "To retain the longer-term relationships." "I did not know that I can disagree with that. They told me that "All offers must had to amend my promotions prices like I had to bear all the cost of the promotions." "To maintain the longer-term relationship and business." "Did not know. Thought it was common practice." "It would jeopardize current "To maintain long term and future business." relationship."

Section #3 Direct Suppliers Issues Experienced in 2024

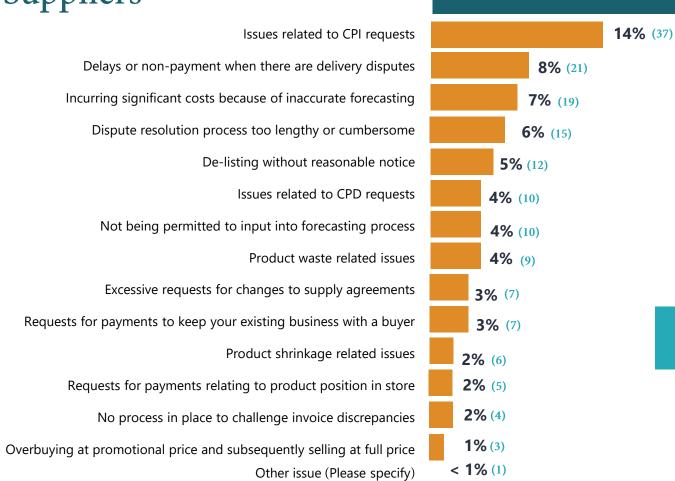


Base: All direct suppliers - 256 Q.15 *Please see appendix for full text answer options

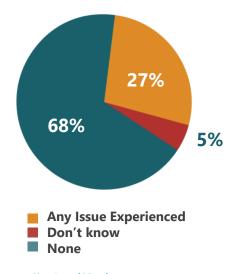
Issues Experienced with Buyers in 2024 – Direct Suppliers

An Rialálaí Agraibhia

Agri-Food Regulator



Issues Experienced



() = Actual Numbers

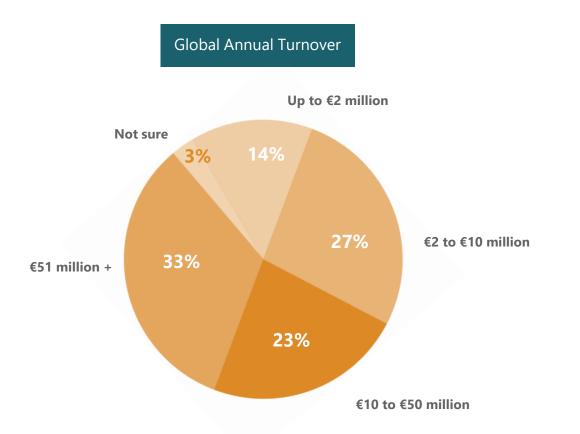
27% (69) have experienced an issue

1 in 7 direct suppliers report facing issues related to CPI requests. Circa 1 in 10 report having experienced delays or non-payment when there are delivery disputes or incurring significant costs because of inaccurate forecasting. Some suppliers may have reported experiencing multiple issues with multiple buyers.



Base: All direct suppliers who experienced an issue in 2024 – 86 Q.3

Global Annual Turnover by Issues Experienced

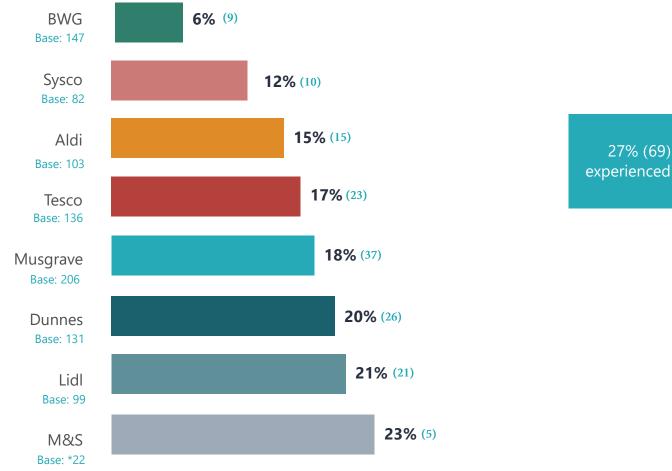




Base: All direct suppliers - 256 Q.16

Any Issues Experienced with Buyers in 2024 by **Business - The Supplier View**

*Caution Small Base Size



27% (69) have experienced an issue

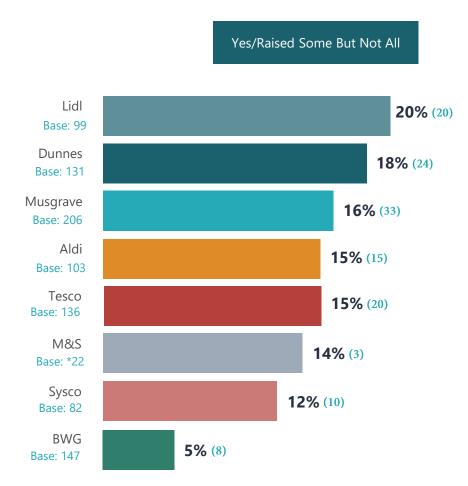
1 in 5 Dunnes, Lidl and M&S suppliers report having experienced an issue in 2024 Some suppliers may have reported experiencing multiple issues with multiple buyers. () = Actual Numbers



Agri-Food Regulator Supplier Survey 2025 Base: All direct suppliers - 256 Q.17a

Whether Issues Were Raised with Buyers in 2024 by Business

*Caution Small Base Size



() = Actual Numbers

Circa 1 in 5 Dunnes and Lidl suppliers raised the issues they experienced with their buyers.



Base: All direct suppliers who did not raise all issues in 2024 - 21 Q.17b

Reason For Not Raising Issues with Buyers

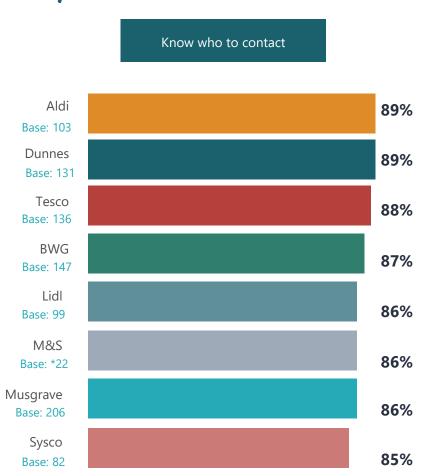




Agri-Food Regulator Supplier Survey 2025 Base: All direct suppliers - 256 Q.18

Incidence of Knowing Correct Contact to Raise Issues Within The Buyer Business

*Caution Small Base Size



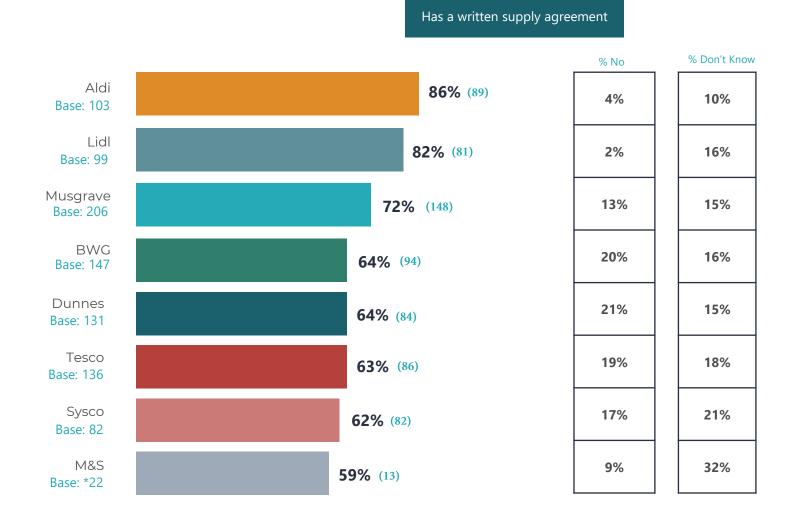
Section #4 Direct Suppliers Relationship with Buyers



Base: All direct suppliers - 256 Q. 19

Whether Written Supply Agreement with Buyers?

*Caution Small Base Size



() = Actual Numbers

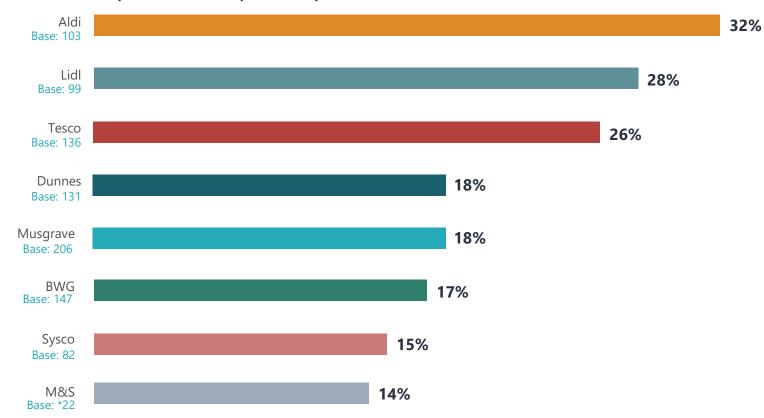


Base: All direct suppliers - 256 Q.21

Innovative Buyer Practice(s) With Positive Impact on Trading Relationship – The Supplier View

*Caution Small Base Size







Base: All direct suppliers who report an innovative practice - 86 Q.22

Innovative Practices Buyers Have in Place That Have Positive Impact on Trading Relationship - II

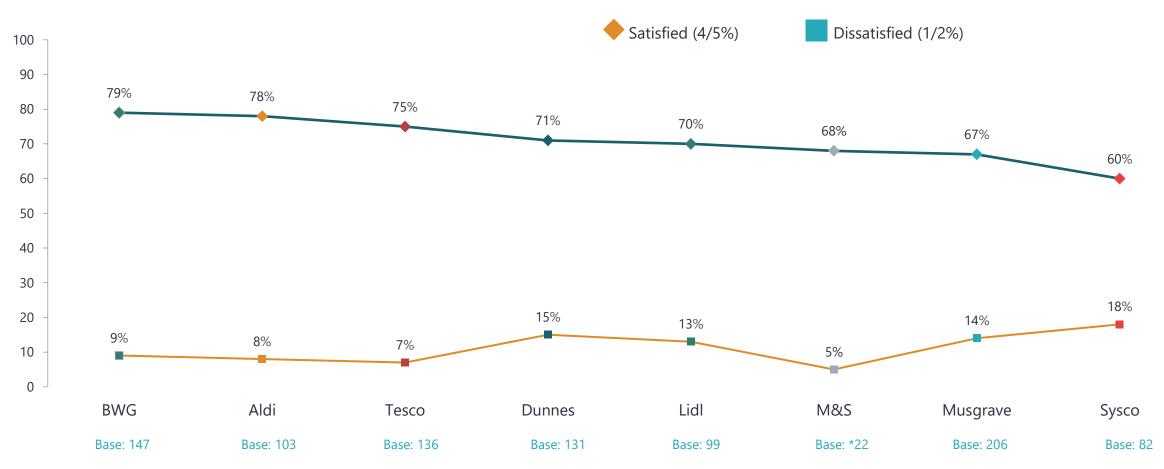
"New SKU's introduced due "Flexibility on specifications in order to "Forecasting orders much better -"Forecasting orders and working with a to gaps in the market." meet seasonal challenges due to weather. good communication." productive and efficient team who are Promotional flexibility in terms of timings." very easy to get hold of." "Engagement on CSR and Environmental "Are sharing forecasts that allow issues with our CSR team to strengthen our better planning together." trading relationship." "Conferences that share relevant information around plans and strategy." "This is a very new customer for us and they are "New approval process "Open NPD days outside of briefs, enabling working very closely with us enhancing the which seams faster." us to bring concepts to them." range we supply through product and packaging development."



Base: All direct suppliers - 256 Q.23a

Overall Satisfaction with How Buyers Conduct Their Business

*Caution Small Base Size



Highest level of satisfaction with how buyers conduct their business amongst BWG, Aldi and Tesco suppliers.



Base: All direct suppliers - 85 Q.23b

Reason for Being Satisfied with How Buyer Conducts Their Business

"Always promote small artisan producers in bringing new products to market, always will work with you to drive my business with them." "Good open communication model where both sides have clear understanding of what expected and direction to go in."

"Very open and engaging. Committed to a one business solution and open on their KPI's so we can deliver on these."

"They are clear, they make quick decisions, and our working ethos is closely aligned." "Communication is good and resolution is generally quick." "Excellent Buyer that is always available. The best in Ireland."

"They are transparent and collaborative."

"Buyers are knowledgeable, what they agree to do they do so you can trust in investment." "Very professional to deal with. Their customer portal is excellent."



Agri-Food Regulator Supplier Survey 2025 Base: All direct suppliers - 85

Q.23b

Reason for Being Dissatisfied with How Buyer Conducts Their Business

"Hard to get long term commitments. CPI discussions can take an excessive amount of time suppliers left in limbo to carry costs until they wish to discuss. Often ask for reductions or increases in LTA because their costs base has gone up but expected supplier to maintain same costs year over year." "Biggest issue is short term contract with pressure on price always the primary concern of buyer." "Expectation to invest more year and year without changing results at their end." "Hard to get face to face contact with buyer."

"Some issues can be passed to many different departments and therefore take a long time to resolve." "Constant expectation to lower price despite not seeing it pull through for the end user. Not much contact."

"They can be extremely slow to act on an issue or request." "Most contracts are only for 6-month periods, but they are not agreed in timely manner. Renewals on contracts can happen only a few weeks before they are due to go live. They are rarely agreed at the time land most be rented or seed purchased. Pricing can be submitted by supplier on time, but you may not hear back for 2 to 3 months after which some product may be planted without knowing if you have the contract or not. Most produce require 2-to-3-years planning for crop rotation and investment in machinery but can't get more than 6-month commitment on most lines."

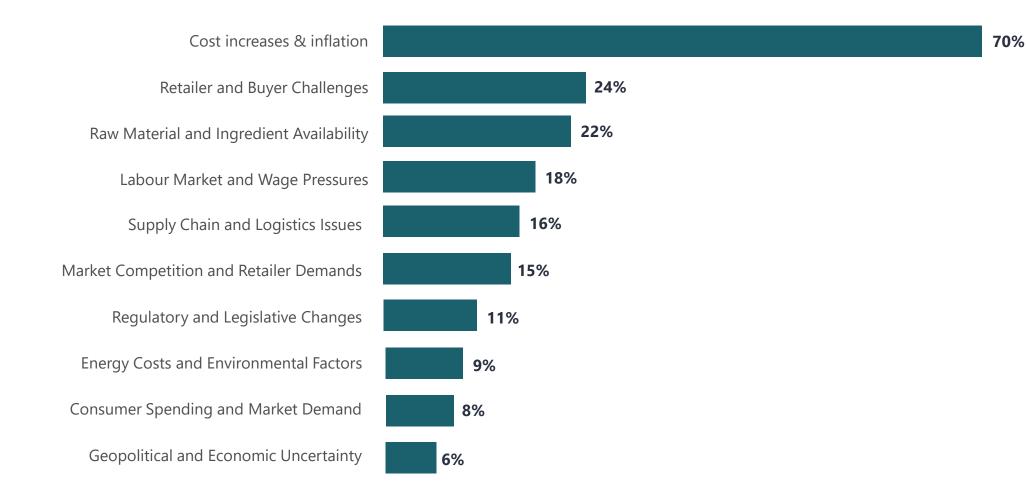
"Very difficult to work with cannot get response from buyers unless they are looking for something usually a charge of some sort."

"Lack of communication in terms of planning and forecasting in particular for new products."



Base: All suppliers who provided an answer - 185 Q.24

Main Issues Facing Suppliers in the Year Ahead – The Supplier View





Base: All suppliers who provided an answer - 185 Q.24

Main Issues Facing Suppliers in the Year Ahead

"Lack of long term or any commitment from retailers. Impossible to invest in innovation and growth if you do not know if you will be supplying a product in 6 months time. CPI increases - continuous increases in minimum wage put enormous pressure on the costs of production. Most fresh produce is very labor intensive but increases in min wage are never seen as justification for CPI increases with retailers. Supplier are left to absorb the costs of these."

"Increase in minimum wage requiring further price increases."

"Cost of doing business and recovering same from the market." "Farm gate prices will not rise in response to the raises in minimum wage. Labour is becoming unsustainable. Buyers putting growers against each other."

"Increasing costs supply of labour possible disruption to supply of ingredients energy costs sustainability requirements." "Product Availability and supply issues."

"Extreme price variability and subsequent profit, or lack of it."

"Costs are continuing to rise and we are struggling to keep pace with these cost increases." "Unrealistic expectations of price reductions."

"CPIs being rejected with inflationary pressures and shipping costs increasing."

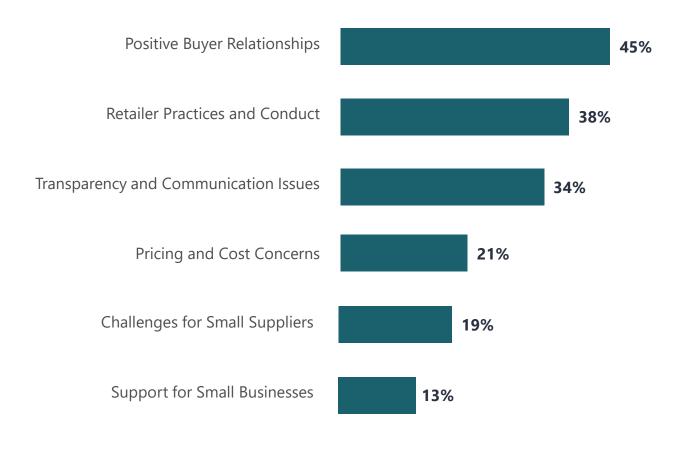
"Maintaining profitability amid input cost increases and cost of doing business."

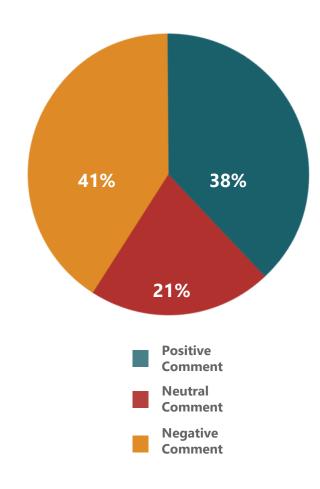
"Crop related issues and threats due to adverse weather conditions."



Base: All suppliers who provided an answer - 53 Q.25

General Comments About Buyers by Subject – The Supplier View







Base: All suppliers who provided an answer - 53

Q.25

General Comments About Buyers

"For the independent stores our experience is mostly great. So too of the larger retailers but we do find when they turn over their staff, we lose that relationship with those on the floor, which can lead to issues relating to shelf space, letting us know when to re-stock, what will work well etc....Overall though, our experiences are good."

"In general Irish buyers are amongst the most open, reliable, communicative and friendly compared to many other export markets. It is always a pleasure to deal with Irish companies." "My Buyer has always tried to work with me when it come to my brand, especially with it being new to the market and trying to give it ever chance."

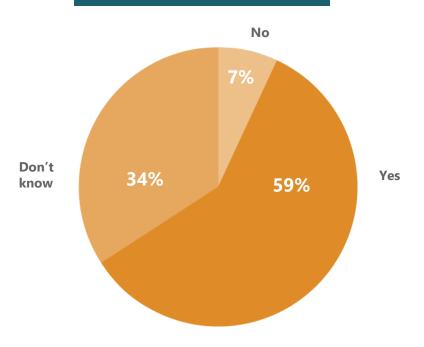
"Cost Price increases: There is too much discussion by each retailer with a supplier trying to negotiate cost price increases about the future retail price of a suppliers products in competing retail outlets during negotiations on a cost price increase. We did not negotiate a cost price increase in 2024. However, the standard approach is that the retailer will not give the agreed cost price increase to us [supplier] until another retailer moves /increases the retail price. This means the supplier has to find a "helpful" retailer to move the retail price first. This usually means a financial inducement and a lot of discussion about retail price. Bigger, typically multinational suppliers, will not discuss retail prices and will tell the retailer that supply of product cannot be guaranteed after a certain date. Smaller suppliers

"Some higher rates of LTA percentages make Local suppliers products more expensive compared to stores own Brand products." "Overall, buyers are professional and receptive. Tension arises when cost price increases are introduced. These cpi's can be due to volatile markets that wipe out any supplier margin. The main concern is the length of time taken to have cpi's approved and implemented. We give 30 days notice - after much deliberation - yet implementation could take up to 90 days longer. In some cases, buyers request 12 weeks notice and some flatly refuse. Much of this is tactical but it has a negative effect on a suppliers cash-flow, etc. Ironically, if there is a cost price decrease, the retailer expects it immediately!" Section #7 Agri-Food Regulator Information



Base: All suppliers - 306 Q.26/27

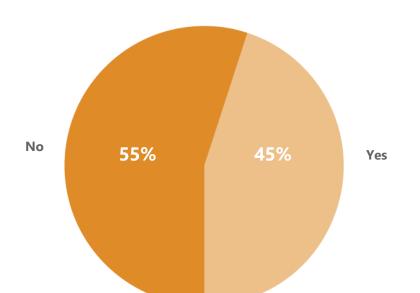
Would You Raise a UTP With The Agri-Food Regulator?



Almost half of suppliers are aware of the Agri-Food Regulator operating a confidential complaints process. 6 in 10 of the suppliers surveyed would raise a UTP with the Agri-Food Regulator.



Awareness of Agri-Food Regulator Operating a Confidential Complaints Process





Base: All suppliers who would not raise a UTP with The Agri-Food Regulator- 127 Q.27b

Reasons You Would Not Raise A UTP With The Agri-Food Regulator

"Not sure if the buyer would retaliate in the future." "Given the small number of growers and buyers, it's not clear how any specific complaint would not be obvious to the buyer." "Not sure if the buyer would retaliate in the future."

"The negative implications of raising an unfair trading practice complaint and the time involved in doing so, might be counterproductive." "Slow, bureaucratic and we operate in a fast-moving consumer market - so we would be delisted by the time the compliant was dealt with."

"It can be resolved locally."

"It's hard to know whether or not we would raise an issue. It would have to be affecting our business in a pretty big way in order to raise it for fear that the confidentiality could be breached, and we could be blacklisted." "I believe if an issue was raised with certain retailers, they could easily figure out which supplier it was bases on the products or query raised and therefore lead to negative relationship with them."

Appendix



Appendix - I

Please see below full list of answer options for Q.8a/b.

a/b: Unconditional UTPs		
Payment later than 30 days after the end of an agreed delivery period for perishable agricultural and food products		
yment later than 60 days after the end of an agreed delivery period for non-perishable agricultural and food products		
ncellations of orders for perishable agricultural and food products with less than 30 days' notice		
nilateral contract changes by the buyer relating to any of the following: the frequency, method, place, timing or volume of the supply or delivery of agricultural and food products, the quality standard, the terms of payment or the price		
quirement for supplier to make a payment not related to the sale of the agricultural and food products of the supplier		
quirement for supplier to pay for the loss or deterioration of their product where it is not caused by the negligence or fault of the supplier		
Refusal of written confirmation of a supply agreement by the buyer, despite request of the supplier		
y unlawful acquisition, use or disclosure of trade secrets by the buyer		
mmercial retaliation or threat of such by the buyer against the supplier because the latter are exercising their contractual or legal rights including filing a complaint with the Agri-Food Regulator		
quirement for compensation to the buyer for the cost of examining customer complaints where there has been no negligence or fault by the supplier		
on't know		
one of these		



Appendix - II

Please see below full list of answer options for Q.9a/b.

Q.9a/b: Conditional UTPs	
Has a buyer returned unsold products to you without paying for those unsold products or without paying for the disposal of those products where this has not been clearly agreed between you beforehand?	
Has a buyer required payment from you as a condition for stocking, displaying or listing your agricultural and food products or of making such products available on the market where this has not been clearly agreed between you beforehand?	
Has a buyer required you to bear all or part of the cost of any discounts on agricultural and food products that are sold by the buyer as part of a promotion where this has not been clearly agreed between you beforehand?	
Has a buyer required you to pay for the marketing of agricultural and food products by the buyer where this has not been clearly agreed between you beforehand?	
Has a buyer required you to pay for the advertising of agricultural and food products by the buyer where this has not been clearly agreed between you beforehand?	
Has a buyer charged you for staff for fitting out premises used for the sale of your products where this has not been clearly agreed between you beforehand?	
Don't know	
None of these	



Appendix - III

Please see below full list of answer options for Q.15/16.

Q.15/16: Issues Experienced		
Excessive requests for changes to supply agreements		
Product shrinkage related issues		
Product waste related issues		
No process in place to challenge invoice discrepancies		
Delays or non-payment when there are delivery disputes		
Requests for payments (including free stock) to keep your existing business with a buyer (pay to stay)		
Requests for payments (including free stock) relating to product position in store		
Incurring significant costs because of inaccurate forecasting by a buyer where you are not aligned with the buyers' forecast		
Not being permitted to input into forecasting process		
Overbuying at promotional price and subsequently selling at full price		
Issues related to cost price increase (CPI) requests		
Issues related to cost price decrease (CPD) requests made by your buyer		
Dispute resolution process too lengthy or cumbersome		
De-listing (including significant reduction in volume) without reasonable notice		
Other issue or for additional detail on any issues experienced (Please Specify)		
Don't know		
None of these		



Appendix - IV

Please see below for the short form name as used in the survey results and the retailer and wholesalers' full company name.

Short Form	Company Name
Aldi	Aldi Stores (Ireland) Limited
BWG	BWG Foods Unlimited Company
Dunnes	Dunnes Stores Unlimited Company
Lidl	Lidl Ireland GmbH
M&S	Marks and Spencer (Ireland) Limited
Musgrave	Musgrave Group Public Limited Company
Sysco	Sysco Foods Ireland Unlimited Company
Теѕсо	Tesco Ireland Limited



The Supplier Survey 2025 responses were collated and analysed by Coyne Research on behalf of An Rialálaí Agraibhia (Agri-Food Regulator).

The findings were presented by Bernie Coyne at the Agri-Food Regulator Inaugural Conference on Tuesday 20th May 2025 at Johnstown Estate Hotel, Co. Meath.

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Promoting fairness and transparency in the agri-food supply chain

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